

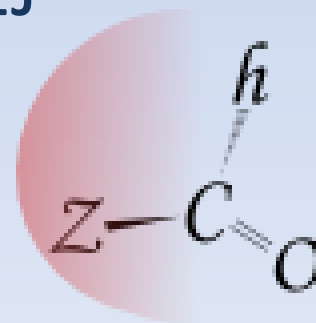


SYNTEZA ASYMETRYCZNA

Dr inż. Tomasz Rowicki

ZAKŁAD CHEMII ORGANICZNEJ

Konsultacje: pon. 14¹⁵-16⁰⁰, pok. 135, G.Ch.

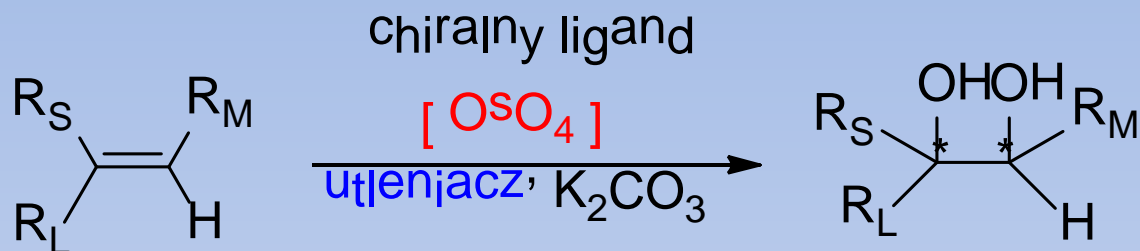


Zagadnienia na dziś

1. Utlenianie wiązań podwójnych C=C

- asymetryczne dihydroksylowanie
- asymetryczne aminohydroksylowanie

Dihydroksylowanie Sharpless'a



OsO_4

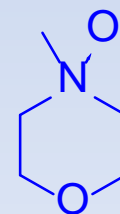
NDS 0,002 mg/m³, NDSP 0,006 mg/m³ !!!

$K_2OsO_2(OH)_4$

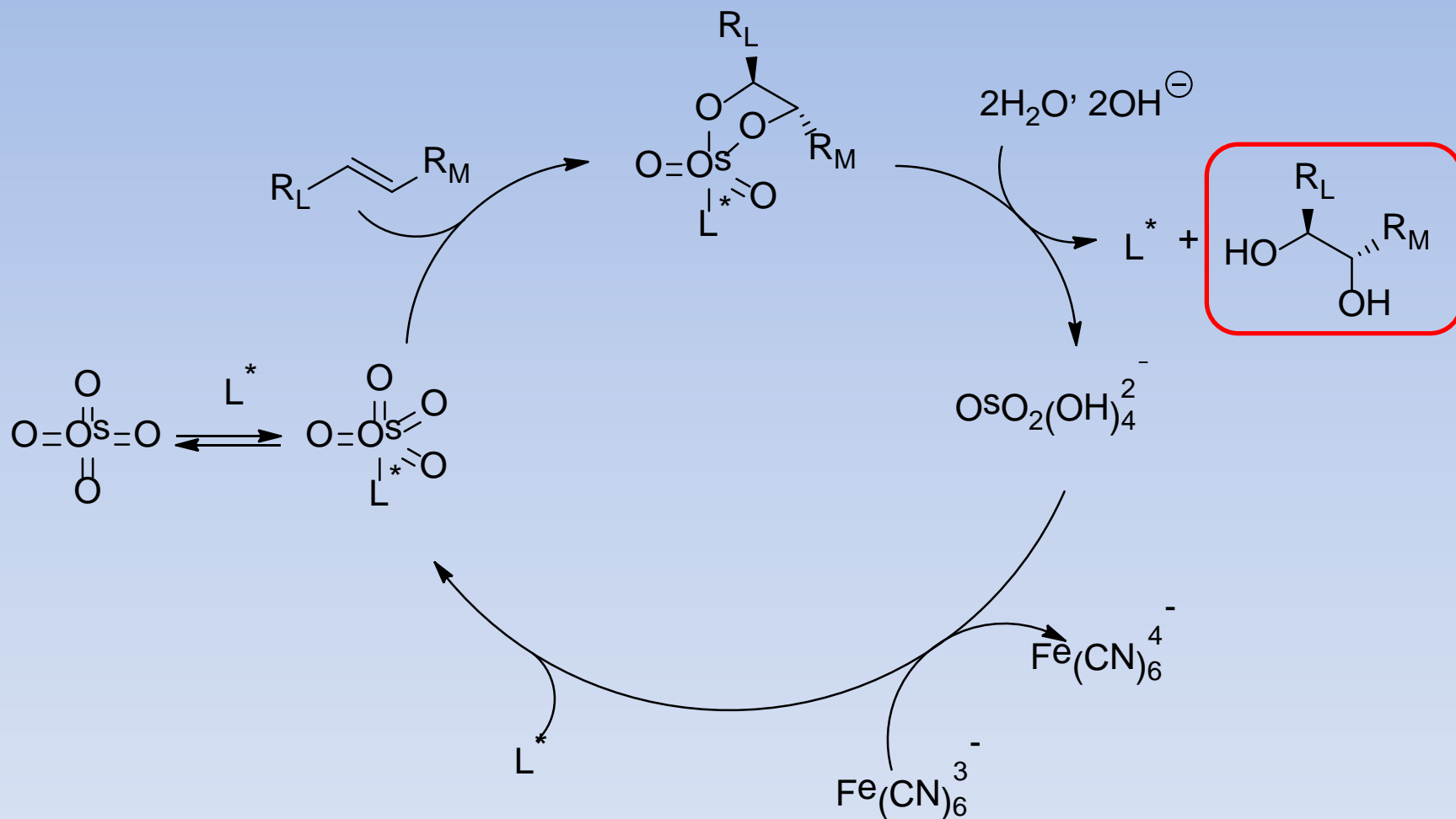
utleniacz

$K_3Fe(CN)_6$, N-tlenek-N-metylomorfoliny

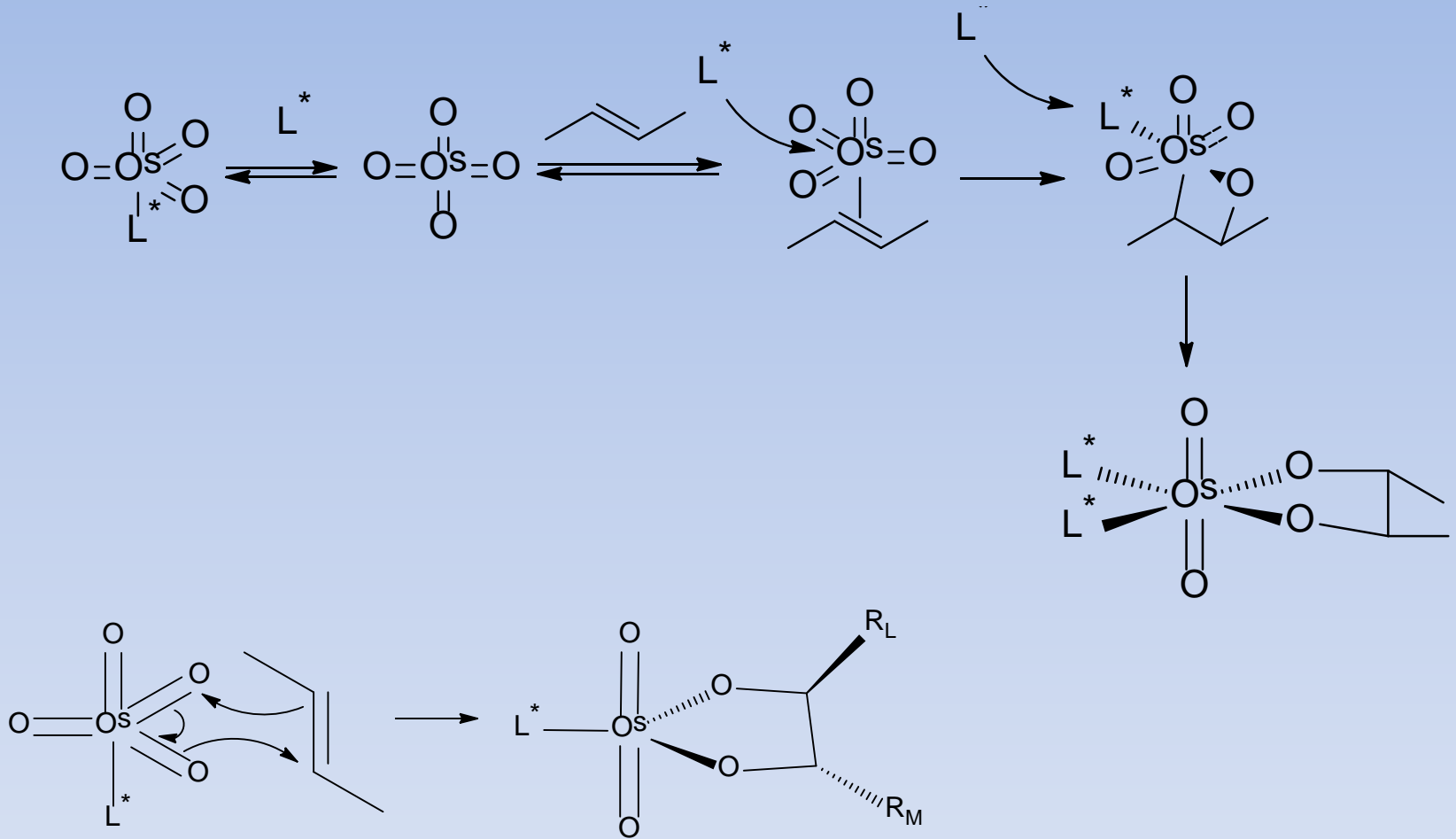
KCN NDSP 5 mg/m³



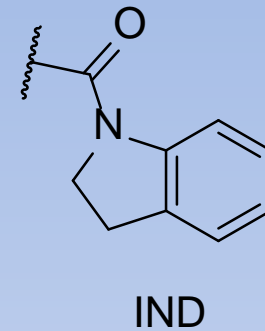
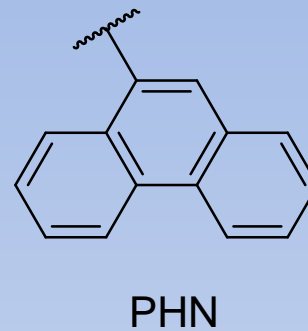
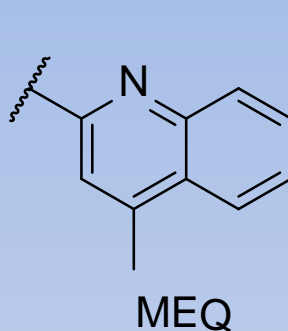
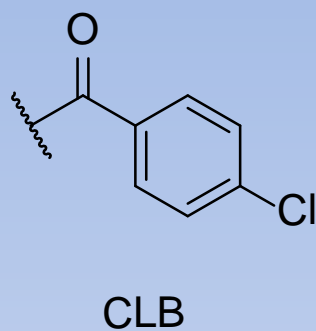
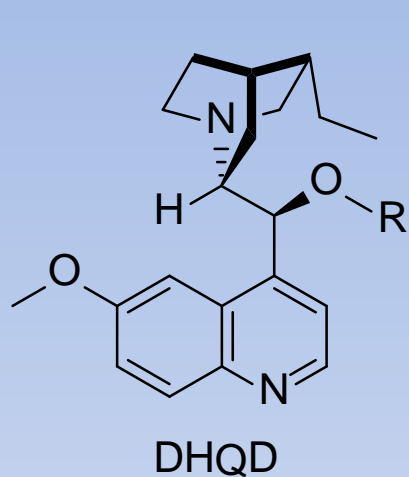
Dihydroksylowanie Sharpless'a



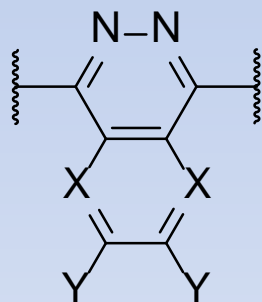
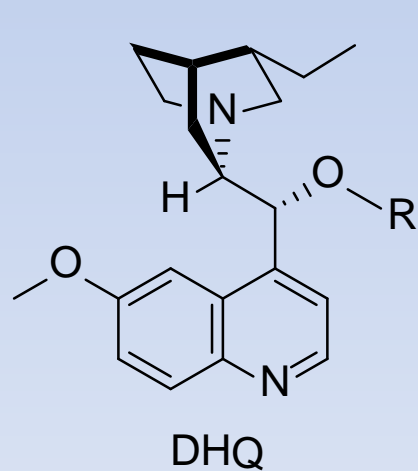
Dihydroksylowanie Sharpless'a



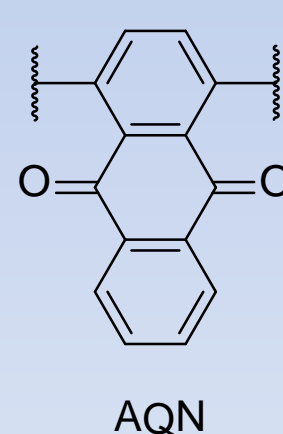
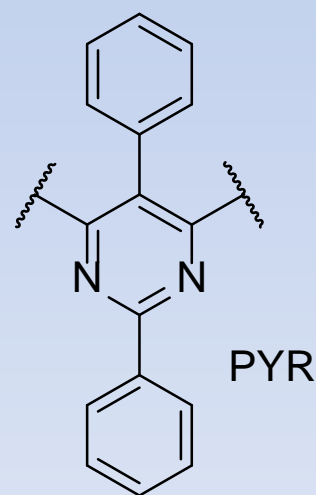
Dihydroksylowanie Sharpless'a



R dla katalizatorów I-ej generacji

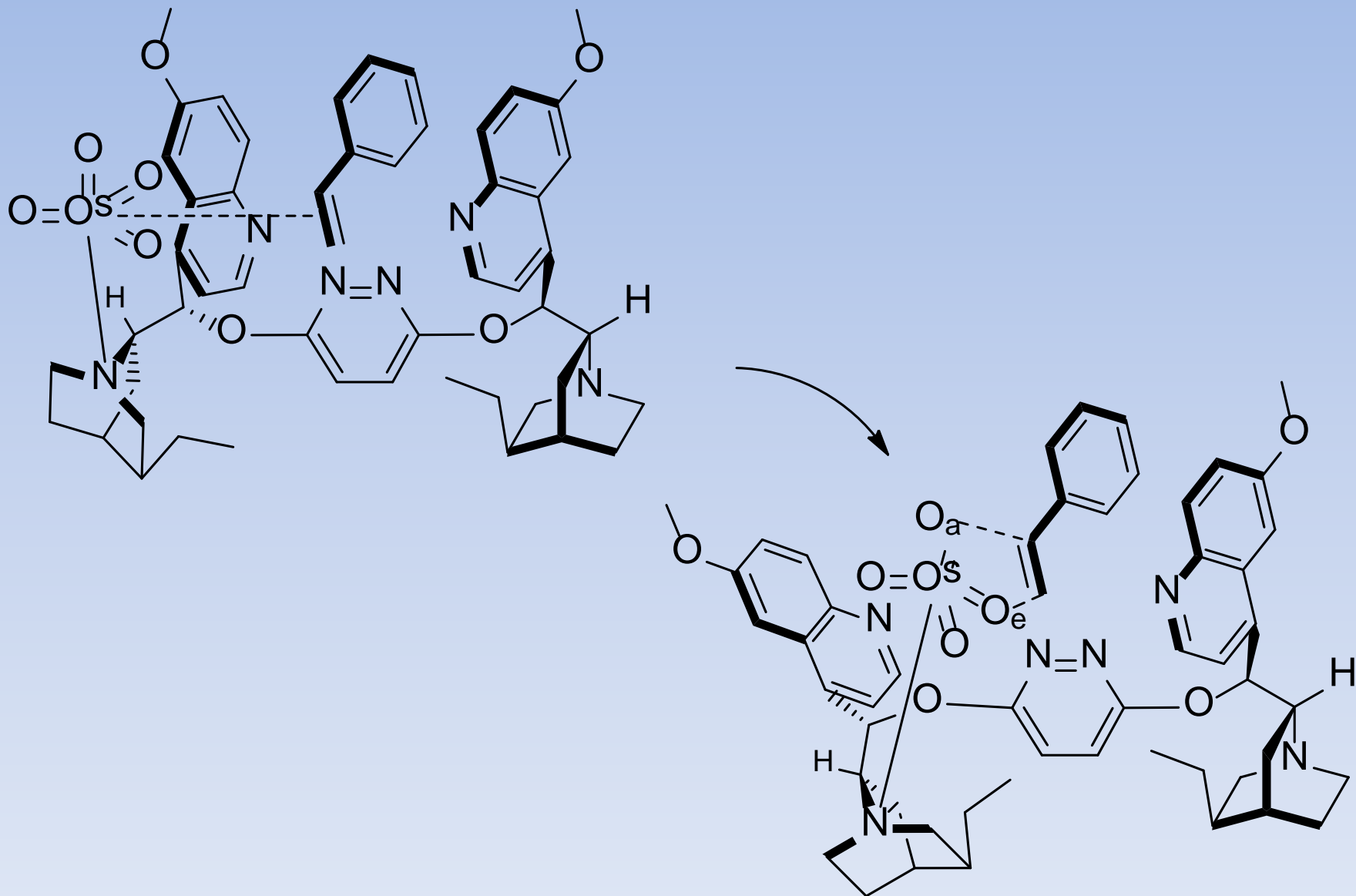


X = CH, Y = H: PHAL
X = CH, Y = Ph: DP PHAL
X = N, Y = Ph: DPP

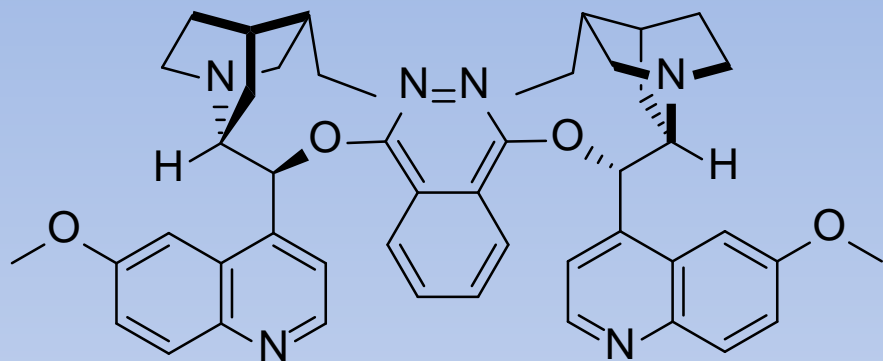


R dla katalizatorów II-ej generacji

Dihydroksylowanie Sharpless'a



Dihydroksylowanie Sharpless'a



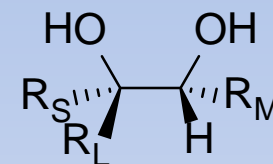
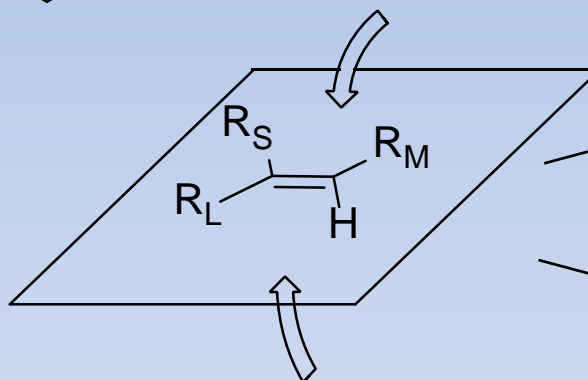
poходna chinidyny

$(\text{DHQD})_2^- \text{PHAL}$

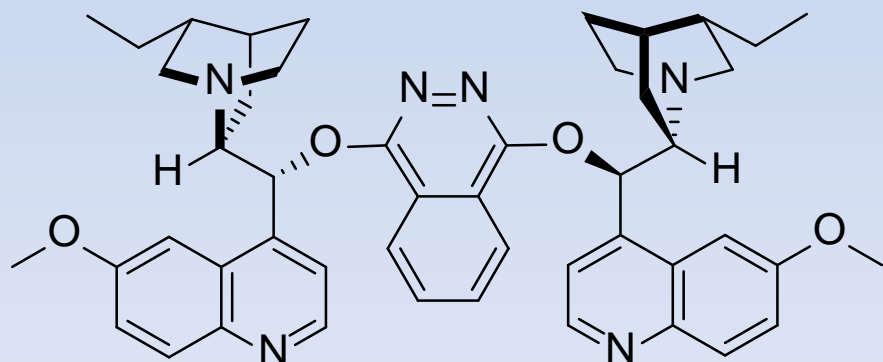
$\text{K}_2\text{OSO}_2(\text{OH})_4$

$\text{K}_3\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6, \text{K}_2\text{CO}_3$

$\text{AD}^- \text{mix}^- \beta$



poходna chininy

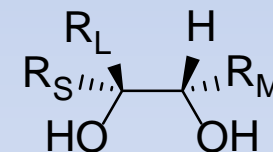


$\text{AD}^- \text{mix}^- \alpha$

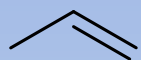
$(\text{DHQ})_2^- \text{PHAL}$

$\text{K}_2\text{OSO}_2(\text{OH})_4$

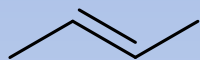
$\text{K}_3\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6, \text{K}_2\text{CO}_3$



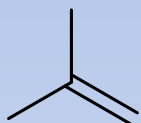
Dihydroksylowanie Sharpless'a



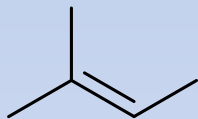
mono



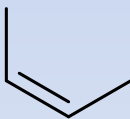
trans-di



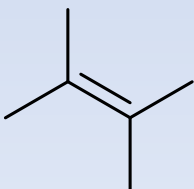
gem-di



tri



cis-di



tetra

Dobre rezultaty

asymetrycznego dihydroksylowania

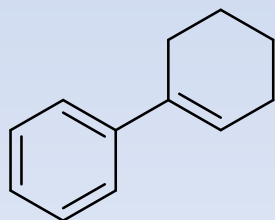
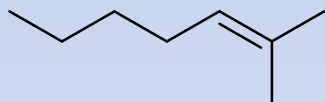
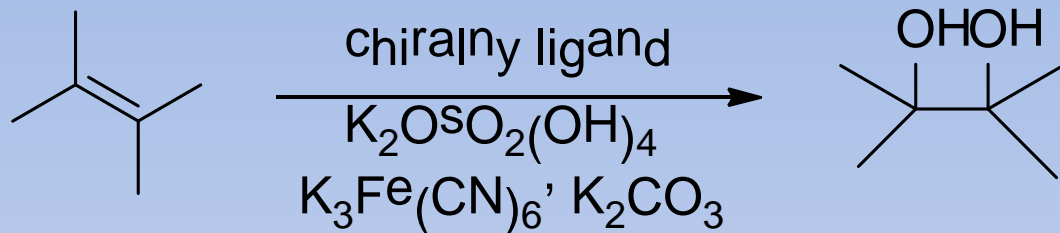
metodą Sharpless'a

Słabe rezultaty

asymetrycznego dihydroksylowania

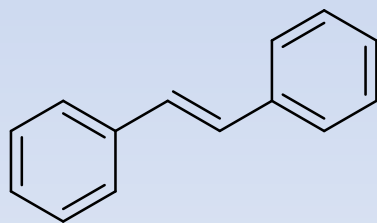
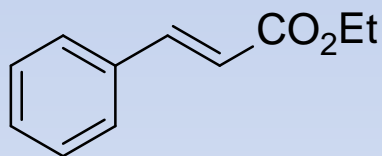
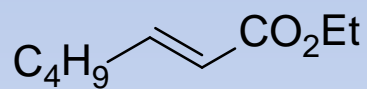
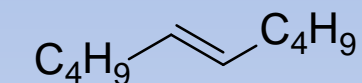
metodą Sharpless'a

Dihydroksylowanie Sharpless'a



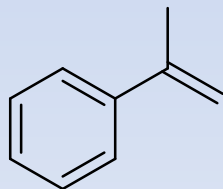
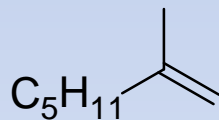
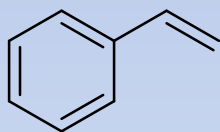
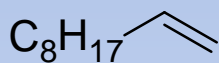
AD-mix- α [(DHQ) ₂ -PHAL]		AD-mix- β [(DHQD) ₂ -PHAL]	
% e.e.	konfiguracja	% e.e.	konfiguracja
95	(S)	98	(R)
97	(S,S)	99	(R,R)

Dihydroksylowanie Sharpless'a



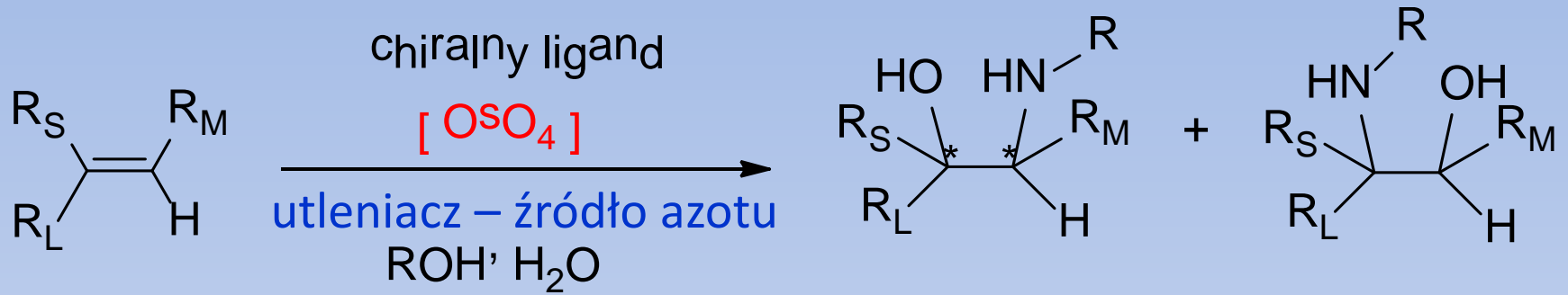
AD-mix- α [(DHQ) ₂ -PHAL]		AD-mix- β [(DHQD) ₂ -PHAL]	
% e.e.	konfiguracja	% e.e.	konfiguracja
93	(<i>S,S</i>)	97	(<i>R,R</i>)
96	(<i>2R,3S</i>)	99	(<i>2S,3R</i>)
95	(<i>2R,3S</i>)	97	(<i>2S,3R</i>)
>99,5	(<i>S,S</i>)	>99,5	(<i>R,R</i>)

Dihydroksylowanie Sharpless'a



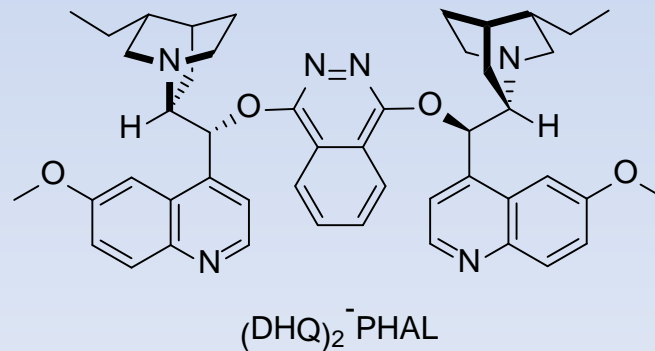
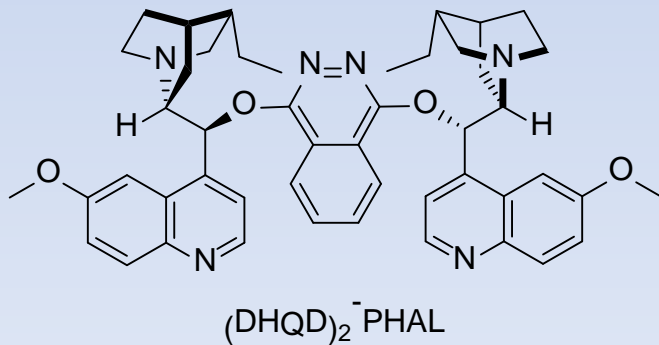
AD-mix- α [(DHQ) ₂ -PHAL]		AD-mix- β [(DHQD) ₂ -PHAL]	
% e.e.	konfiguracja	% e.e.	konfiguracja
80	(S)	84	(R)
97	(S)	97	(R)
76	(S)	78	(R)
94	(S)	93	(R)

Aminohydroksylowanie Sharpless'a

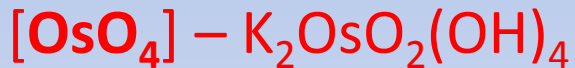
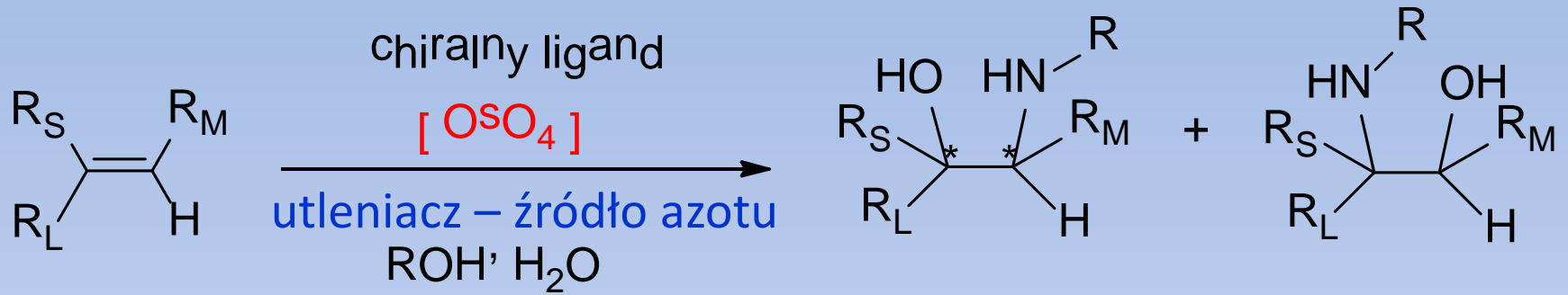


Chiralne ligandy

- Pochodne chininy i chinidyny jak w reakcji AD
- Katalizatory II-giej generacji: PHAL, DP PHAL, DPP, AQN, PYR

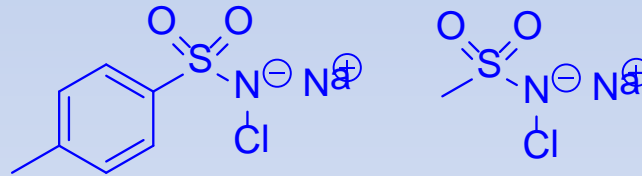


Aminohydroksylowanie Sharpless'a

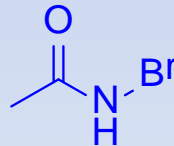


utleniacz – źródło azotu

- chloraminy (T, M)

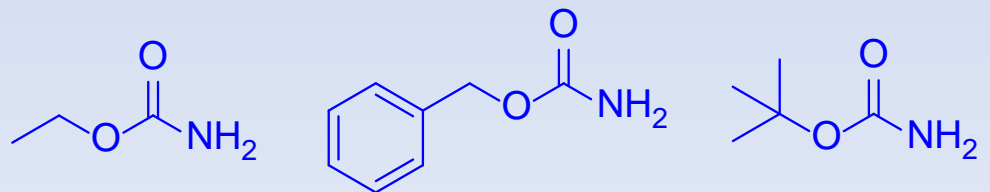


- N-halogeno amidy

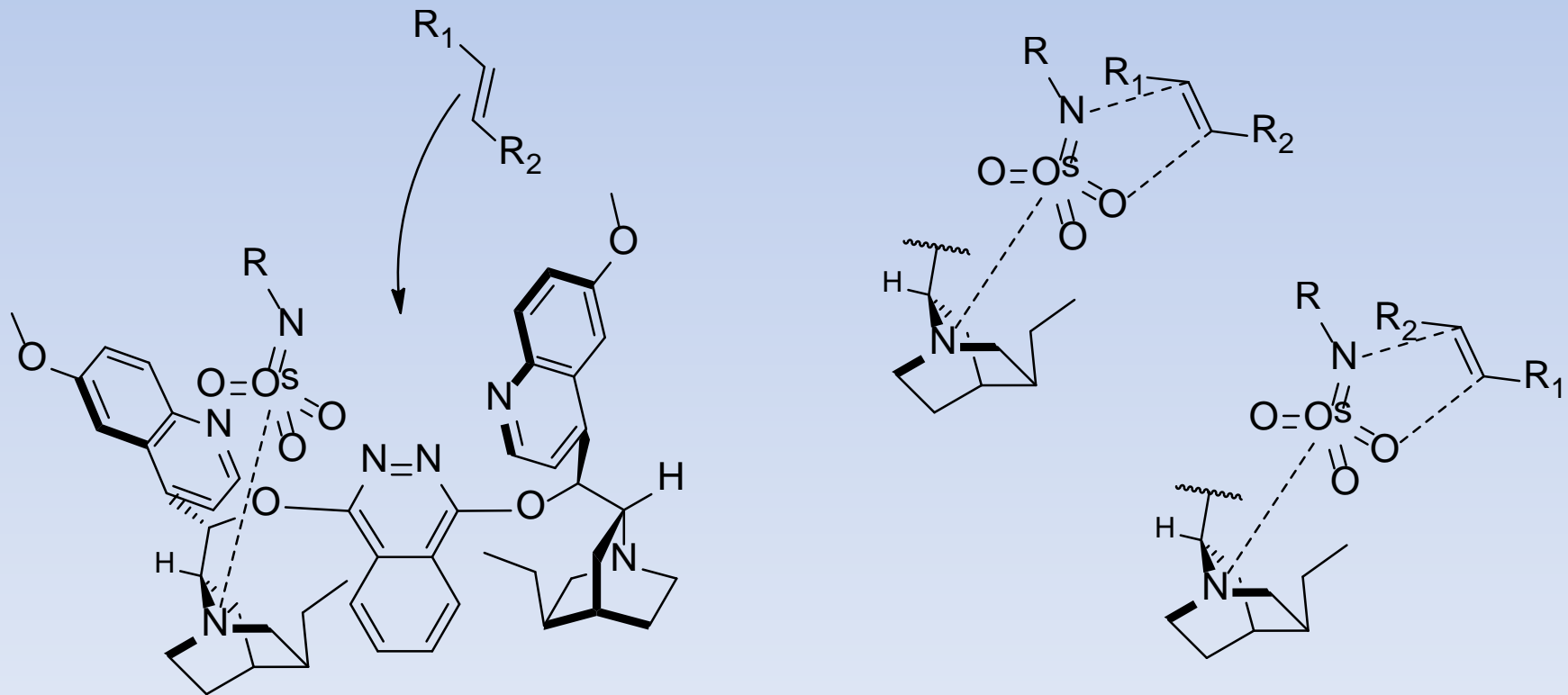
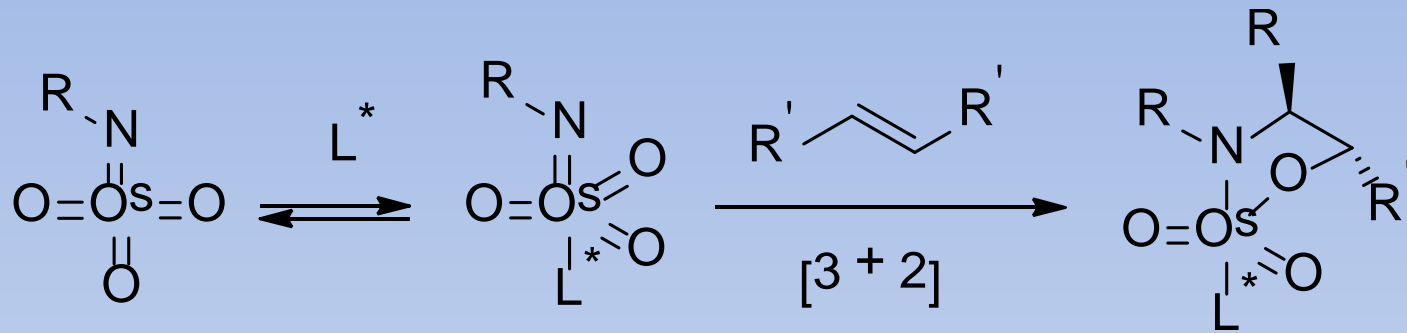


- karbaminiany

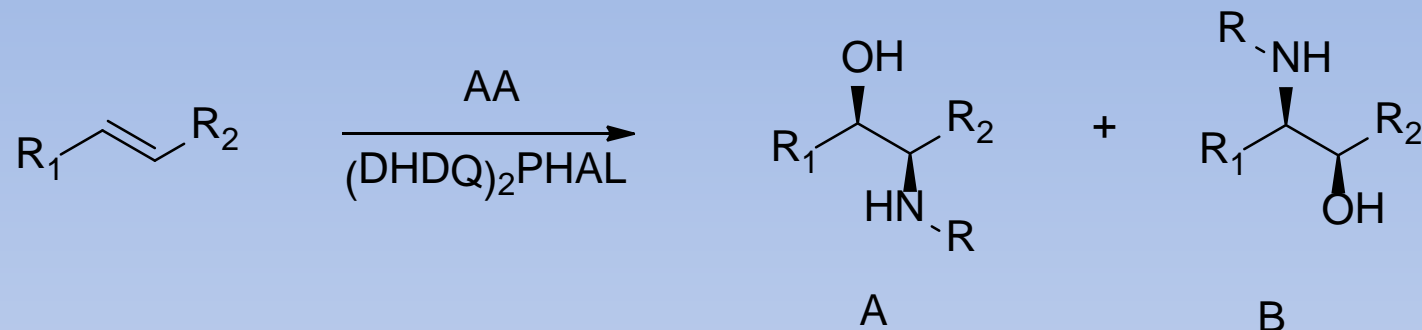
+ utleniacz np.: $^t\text{BuOCl}$



Aminohydroksylowanie Sharpless'a



Aminohydroksylowanie Sharpless'a



substrat			produkt	
R	R ₁	R ₂	A	B
Ac	TBDPSOCH ₂ CH ₂	H	20	1
Ac	p-MeO-C ₆ H ₄ OCH ₂ CH ₂	H	1,2	1
Ts	Ph	CO ₂ Me	1	5
Ms	Ph	CO ₂ Me	9	91

Literatura do dzisiejszych zagadnień

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2. K.B. Sharpless, W. Amberg, Y.L. Bennani, G.A. Crispino, J. Hartung, K.-S. Jeong, H.-L. Kwong, K. Morikawa, Z.-M. Wang, D. Xu, X.-L. Zhang, *J. Org. Chem.*, **1992**, *57*, 2768-2771
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4. E.J. Corey, M.C. Noe, M.J. Grogan, *Tetrahedron Lett.*, **1996**, *37*, 4899-4902
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7. H.C. Kolb, M.S. VanNieuwenhze, K.B. Sharpless, *Chem. Rev.*, **1994**, *94*, 2483-2547
8. J.A. Bodkin, M.D. McLeod, *J. Chem. Soc., Perkin Trans. 1*, **2002**, 2733-2746



SYNTEZA ASYMETRYCZNA

Dziękuję za uwagę

Konsultacje: pon. 14¹⁵-16⁰⁰, pok. 135, G.Ch.

